## **Student Characteristics**

Use these questions to identify a student's characteristics as a learner which may indicate a need for an accommodation. Mark "yes" if the student has the characteristic. Follow the next steps for more information about potential types of accommodations that could be helpful for instruction. The provided list is certainly not exhaustive, but may be used as a guide when selecting accommodations as discussed in Step 3 of the Five Step Process.

*Note:* These Student Characteristics questions and Corresponding Tables have been incorporated into the state IEP system for guidance during the IEP Team considerations.

Student Characteristics	YES	Refer to Tables A-O for accommodations to consider
1. Does the student have blindness or low vision that requires an accommodation?		Go to Table A
2. Does the student have a hearing impairment that requires an accommodation?		Go to Table B
3. Does the student have some other physical condition that requires an accommodation?		Go to Table C and H
4. Does the student have difficulty with expressive or receptive communication?		Go to Table D and P
5. Has the student been identified as having a reading impairment or difficulty with decoding?		Go to Table E
6. Does the student have difficulty with writing composition, grammar or spelling?		Go to Table F and P
7. Does the student have weak manual dexterity, fine motor difficulty, have trouble typing or using a pencil?		Go to Table C, H and F
8. Does the student have mathematics-related impairment?		Go to Table G and P
9. Is the student easily distracted, have a short attention span or have difficulty tracking from one page or line to another and maintaining his or her place?		Go to Table I
10. Does the student need directions repeated frequently or have memory impairments?		Go to Table J and M
11. Does the student have a brain injury?		Go to Table M
12. Does the student have a developmental disability significantly affecting verbal and non-verbal communication and social interaction that adversely affects the child's educational performance?		Go to Table N
13. Does the child engage in repetitive activities and stereotyped movement, resist environmental change or change in daily routine, or have unusual responses to sensory stimuli?		Go to Table N
14. Does the student use visual supports/schedules to produce work?		Go to Table N

Characteristics Affecting Setting/Environmental Accommodations	YES	Next Steps
1. Do others easily distract the student or does that student have	Go t	Go to Table K and O
difficulty remaining on task?		Go to Table K and O
2. Does the student require any specialized equipment or other		Go to Table K
accommodations that may be distracting to others?		Go to Table K
3. Does the student have visual and/or auditory impairments that		Go to Table K
require special lighting and/or acoustics?		
4. Can the student focus on his or her own work in a large group		Go to Table K or M
setting?		
5. Does the student exhibit behaviors that may disrupt the		Go to Table K/O
attention of other students?		
6. Do any physical or environmental accommodations need to be		Go to Table K
made for the student in the classroom?		

Characteristics Affecting Timing and Scheduling	YES	Next Steps
1. Can the student work continuously for the length of time allocated for standard test administration?		Go to Table L
2. Does the student use an accommodation or adaptive equipment that requires more time to complete test items (e.g., braille, scribe, use of head pointer to type)?		Go to Table L
3. Does the student tire easily due to health impairments?		Go to Table L and M
4. Does the student have a visual impairment that causes visual fatigue and requires frequent breaks?		Go to Table L
5. Does the student have a learning disability that affects the rate at which the student processes written information?		Go to Table L and M
6. Does the student have a motor disability that affects the rate at which the student writes responses?		Go to Table L
7. Does the student take any type of medication to facilitate optimal performance?		Go to Table L
8. Does the student's attention span or distractibility require shorter working periods and frequent breaks?		Go to Table L and M

Table A: Vision	Table I: Attention Deficit
Table B: Hearing	Table J: Auditory Processing
Table C: Fine Motor	Table K: Setting / Environment
Table D: Communication	Table L: Timing and Scheduling
Table E: Reading	Table M: Traumatic Brain Injury
Table F: Writing	Table N: Autism Spectrum Disorder
Table G: Mathematics	Table 0: Executive Function
Table H: Physical/Motor	Table P: Specific Learning Disability